

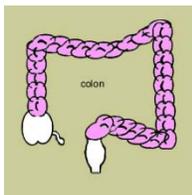
ENDOSCOPY EXPLANATION

Thank you for choosing St. Joseph's Hospital in Highland for your Endoscopy procedure. The Surgeon performed the following procedure during your stay:

- _____ Colonoscopy
 - An endoscopic examination of your colon with a camera.
- _____ Colonoscopy with a Biopsy
 - An endoscopic examination of your colon with a camera, with the removal of any irregularity or suspected lesion for pathological examination.
- _____ Esophagogastroduodenoscopy (EGD)
 - An endoscopic examination of your upper gastrointestinal tract with a camera
- _____ Esophagogastroduodenoscopy (EGD) with a Biopsy
 - An endoscopic examination of your upper gastrointestinal tract with a camera with the removal of any irregularity or suspected lesion for pathological examination.
- _____ Other _____

Due to the medications you received during your procedure, you may not remember what the Doctor discussed with you and your family after your procedure. Listed below are possible – but not limited all – outcomes from your procedure. If you have any further questions about what was found during your procedure, please do not hesitate to contact your Physician.

Possible findings during a Colonoscopy

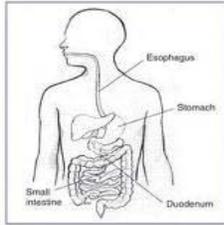


The Surgeon was able to complete _____ % of your colonoscopy.

- _____ Normal Examination (*Nothing clinically abnormal was found during your examination*)
- _____ Colon Polyp (*A sac-like body of tissue usually removed for pathological examination*)
- _____ Diverticulitis/ Diverticulosis (*Out pouching of the colon mucosa due to the weakening of the colon lining*)
- _____ Colitis (*Inflammation of the colon*)
- _____ Hemorrhoids (*Can be internal or external veins in the anus which can become swollen or inflamed causing irritation*)
- _____ Abnormal Bleeding (*Bleeding found in the colon which is usually cauterized or treated*)
- _____ Other _____

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Possible findings during an EGD



The Surgeon was able to complete _____ % of your EGD.

- _____ Normal Examination (*Nothing clinically abnormal was found during your examination*)
- _____ Barrett's Esophagus (*An abnormal change in the cells of the inferior portion of the esophagus*)
- _____ Gastric or Duodenal Ulcer (*A mucosal erosion of the stomach or small intestinal lining*)
- _____ H. Pylori Test (*A bacteria that lives in the stomach that can cause ulcers*)
- _____ Esophageal Stricture (*A narrowing of the esophagus that causes swallowing difficulties*)
- _____ Stomach Polyp (*A sac-like body of tissue usually removed for pathological examination*)
- _____ Gastritis (*An inflammation of the lining of the stomach*)
- _____ Esophagitis (*An inflammation of the esophagus*)
- _____ Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease (GERD) (*A chronic damaging of the mucosa of the esophagus by reflux of stomach acid*)
- _____ Abnormal Bleeding (*Bleeding found in the esophagus or stomach which is usually cauterized or treated*)
- _____ Other _____

Thank you for choosing St. Joseph's Highland for your health care needs!